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Japan Resolution Of WTO Dispute On Sound Recordings (1997)

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES

TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

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USTR-DESIGNATE BARSHEFSKY ANNOUNCES RESOLUTION

OF WTO DISPUTE WITH JAPAN ON SOUND RECORDINGS

United States Trade Representative-designate Charlene Barshefsky today announced that the United States and Japan have resolved the dispute over Japan's protection of U.S. sound recordings. Japan recently adopted amendments to the Japanese Copyright Law to provide protection to U.S. recordings produced between 1946 and 197 1. These amendments are scheduled to come into effect before the end of March 1997 and are intended to bring Japan's copyright law into compliance with the WTO Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, or "TRIPS Agreement".

" launched this case on a clear principle to protect intellectual property rights," said Barshefsky. " sought -- and will now obtain -- protection for U.S. sound recordings from one of the most vibrant and popular periods in the history of American music -- from the swing music of Duke Ellington, the bebop jazz of John Coltrane, the rock and roll of Elvis Presley, Chuck Berry, Little Richard, Johnny Cash, Patsy Cline and the Sixties sounds of Bob Dylan, the Beach Boys and Otis Redding. The remarkable range and stature of the music produced in that quarter-century makes it an important part of our heritage."

Barshefsky also said, "Japan's action provides a clear indication of the enormous value of the TRIPS Agreement and W^TO dispute settlement procedures for U.S. industry and workers. I am especially pleased that we were able to resolve this issue through W^TO dispute settlement consultations. "

It is estimated that approximately 6 million unauthorized recordings, from the pre-1971 period are manufactured and sold in Japan annually. Industry estimates are that U.S. rights holders in these sound recordings lost half a billion dollars annually because of the absence of such protection in Japan.

The US recording industry, along with other entertainment industries, is a key U.S. industry. Recorded music is a \$40 billion dollar industry. In 1995, industry sales in the United States reached over \$26 billion. Over 60% of that topped \$14 billion, and sales in the rest of the world.

\$26 billion in industry foreign sales was of products made by Americans. The recording industry employs tens of thousands of workers in our count ry and in every state in the nation. Along with ihe-musicians and sound engineer who record the music, there are countless others, including the workers who press and make the CDs, truckers who transport them, and retail clerks who sell them. W

Backgrou o e Dispu e

Prior o e a opio of ese ame me s, Japa 's copyrig law o ly gra e pro ec io o foreig sou recor i gs a were pro uce o or af er Ja uary 1, 1971, e a e o w hic Japa firs provi e speciali e pro ec io for sou recor i gs u er i s copyrig law.

T e abse ce of pro ec io for works pro uce be wee 1946 a 1971 pu Japa squarely i co flic wi Ar icle 14.6 øf e TRIPS Agreeme , w hic applies e provisio s of Ar icle 18 of e Ber e Co ve io o e pro ec io of sou recor i gs. T ese provisio s ge erally require a a cou ry -- i is case, Japa -- provi e a 50-year erm of pro ec io o pre-exis i g works origi a i g i a o er WTO member-cou ry -- i is case, e U i e S a es -- if ose works ave o alrea y e joye a full erm of pro ec io i bo cou ries. Si ce Japa , alo g wi o er evelope cou ries, was require o fulfill i s TRIPS Agreeme obliga io s by Ja uary 1, 1996, all sou recor i gs pro uce i o er WTO member-cou ries af er Ja uary 1, 1946, were require o be eligible for pro ec io .

On February 14, 1996, e U i e S a esiiia e WTO ispu e se leme procee i gs agai s Japa a several rou s of formal a i formal co sul a io s ook place over e course of 1996. Base zo e Gover me of Japa 's promulga io o December 26, 1996, of ame me s provi i g U.S. sou recor i gs re roac ive pro ec io, e U i e S a es a Japa o ifie e WTO a a mu ually sa isfac ory solu io a bee reac e, us ermi a i g e ispu e se leme procee i g.

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