



Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (T-TIP)

Opportunities for Maine



T-TIP stands to be an ambitious, comprehensive, and high-standard trade and investment agreement that offers significant benefits for U.S. companies and workers through eliminating existing trade barriers and better enabling U.S. companies and workers to compete. **T-TIP will provide significant new opportunities for U.S. industry, as approximately one-fifth of all U.S. goods and services exports go to the European Union (EU). In 2013, every billion dollars of U.S. exports supported 5,590 jobs. In that same year, U.S. goods and services exports to the EU supported an estimated 2.5 million U.S. jobs.**

Key Opportunities for Maine's Industries

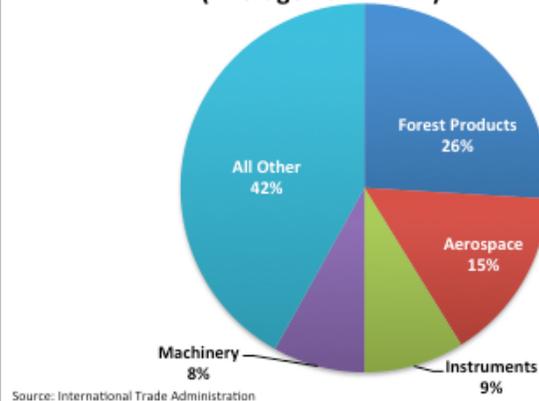
Forest Products

The forest products sector accounted for **26 percent** of Maine's total exports to the EU between 2012 and 2014. During that same period forest product exports to the EU from Maine averaged **\$91 million** annually. The EU currently has tariffs on forest products as high as 10 percent. Maine companies would likely benefit from reduced tariffs in this sector as a result of the agreement.

High-tech Instruments

The high-tech instruments sector accounted for **9 percent** of Maine's total exports to the EU between 2012 and 2014. During that same period high-tech instrument exports to the EU from Maine averaged **\$53 million** annually. The EU currently has tariffs on high-tech instruments as high as 6.7 percent. Maine companies would likely benefit from reduced tariffs in this sector as a result of the agreement.

Maine's Top Goods Exports to the EU
(Average 2012-2014)



Machinery

The machinery sector accounted for **8 percent** of Maine's total exports to the EU between 2012 and 2014. During that same period machinery product exports to the EU from Maine averaged **\$28 million** annually. The EU currently has tariffs on machinery products as high as 9.7 percent. Maine companies would likely benefit from reduced tariffs in this sector as a result of the agreement.

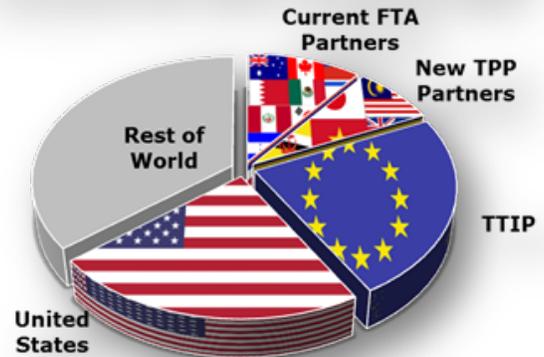
Exports Sustain Thousands of Maine Businesses including SMEs

A total of 2,264 companies exported from Maine locations in 2013. Of those, 1,913 (84.5 percent) were small and medium-sized enterprises with fewer than 500 employees. Small and medium-sized firms generated over half (55.3 percent) of Maine's total exports of merchandise in 2013.

Maine exported \$361 million annually in goods to the EU (2012-2014 average). During this period, 13 percent of Maine's total goods exports went to the EU.

The EU's tariff elimination as part of T-TIP would provide new market access that could benefit Maine's exports. Exports from Maine could also benefit from efforts in T-TIP to achieve new market access commitments in services and investment, improve the regulatory environment, and establish global best practices.

With TTIP & TPP, the United States & its trade agreements partners will account for 64% of global GDP



How Past FTAs Have Benefitted Maine

The United States currently has free trade agreements in force with **20 countries**, which account for **\$1.7 billion (63 percent)** of Maine's exports in 2014. During the past 10 years (2005-2014), exports from Maine to these markets grew by **31 percent**, with NAFTA, Australia, Colombia, Panama, and Peru showing the largest dollar growth during this period.

In Their Own Words: T-TIP Comments

The American Farm Bureau Federation

"The American Farm Bureau Federation, a U.S. general farm organization, supports efforts to increase agricultural trade flows and remove several major impediments to this flow that currently exist between the United States and the European Union."

The Consumer Electronics Association

"The TTIP has the potential to significantly promote and enhance trade in the important consumer electronics industry sector to the benefit of businesses and consumers in the United States and Europe."

National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)

"Our member companies manufacture a diverse set of products including power transmission and distribution equipment, lighting systems, factory automation and control systems, and medical diagnostic imaging systems. Saving time and money not having to pay import duties could provide for notable efficiencies and re-programming of company resources into more productive activities."

For more information, please see www.trade.gov/fta.

Prepared by Trade Policy and Analysis, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Sources include resources from the U.S. Department of Commerce's International Trade Administration, Bureau of the Census, and Bureau of Economic Analysis, as well as the International Monetary Fund's World Economic Outlook.